

ABOUT YOUR NEW JP DOUBLE RING SIGHTS FOR 1911

WITH REAR BOMAR ADAPTER

CAUTION: REMOVE MAGAZINE AND VISUALLY CHECK CHAMBER TO MAKE SURE THAT FIREARM IS UNLOADED.

YOUR REAR SIGHT SCREWS HAVE NOT BEEN SECURED WITH Loctite TO ALLOW YOU TO REMOVE THE SIGHT FOR SIGHT IN PROCEDURES. If you are satisfied with the point of impact as your sights are, be sure to remove the screws and apply a thread locker for a permanent installation.

Attach the sight body without Loctite and without use of the .010 elevation shims provided for initial sight in. Bring a 1/16 allen key, a drift and mallet and your shims to the range for sight in. The sight is provided with a number of .010 shims to allow you to achieve correct elevation on any Glock. When you look through the front sight, ideally your point of impact should be in the center of the front sight with the load and at the distance you most commonly shoot. First fire a group and check for correct windage. Correct windage by removing the sight body from the slot piece and driving the piece in the direction you want your point of impact to move using the drift and mallet. Re-attach sight and fire another group. When your windage is satisfactory correct for elevation if necessary. Your pistol should shoot right on or low. If it shoots low, remove sight body and insert a shim. Reassemble and fire a group. Repeat until elevation is correct. If it shoots unacceptably high, the sight body will have to be milled on the bottom to lower the rear. However, this should not be the case for the vast majority of Glocks. When correct elevation has been achieved, remove the screws from the sight and secure with Loctite. For extra security, bleed a drop of Loctite into the dovetail from the side. Do not do anymore shooting until the Loctite has had a chance to set up, about an hour. A bottle of our **JP Sight Coat** is included to apply initially and for touch up on the front sight. We've found that it's best to wait until after the sight is installed to apply the fluorescent coating. Use a fine model brush or a tooth pic or even a 1/6 drift works well for coating the sight. If you avoid getting gun solvents on the sight during cleaning, the coating will last for some time. When it gets dirty from muzzle blast, just wipe with a damp cloth and the brilliance will return.

Suggestions for use: These sights should work in most "speed" holsters with minor modifications and will fit in most Hellweg holsters by removing that rubber compression piece on the tension screw. You can live without it or get a thinner piece of tubing to replace it. However, this sight arrangement is probably a little too high profile to fit in most "tactical" holsters that are form fit and have a small front sight track.

Here's a few tips on using these sights. If you have been accustomed to shooting with only your dominant eye open, you'll find that these probably will work better using both eyes. The front sight is so visible, you don't have to force yourself to concentrate on it with such intensity, hence the "one eyed" shooting. In particular on a fifty yard target in a situation with poor lighting you may lose the target if you shoot with one eye. For example, if you have a brown target against a brown berm at dusk or early morning in the shade, barely visible, the front sight may overpower the target if you shoot with one eye. With both eyes, the front sight works like that British occluded eye sight in which the weak eye sees the target, the strong eye sees the sight and the brain superimposes the two.

For all out speed on very close targets, I don't even align these sights. I make a figure "8" with the front ring on top of the rear ring and hold the front ring low or at the bottom of the "A" zone. A little practice will reveal where you have to hold. For targets at 10 feet or less, this works well with a little practice due to the high visibility of the front sight. For intermediate targets, just do the obvious and align the front ring in the rear ring and you have your shot. A little practice will let you know what degree of precision is required for certain shots. You'll be amazed at how natural it is to do this concentric alignment compared to what you have been doing. Finally, when you have a difficult precision shot like an upper A/B or a steel in front of a "no-shoot", use the front sight as an aperture and actually "see" your point of impact through the front sight. It's a very high confidence sight picture. Let us know if you have any suggestions.

THANKS FOR YOUR BUSINESS!

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Rev. 11.05

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JP DOUBLE RING SIGHTS, PG. 2

The front tubular sights come in an oversize .330 by 65degree dove tail which will allow for fitting into most existing dove tail features in slides. The height should be compatible with most "melted in" Bomar installations using our adapter. It will probably not be compatible with other ghost ring rear sights. If you find that our front sight is too loose in your existing slot, it may be necessary to shim under the sight for a secure fit. I suggest fitting the blade to the existing feature in the slide in case you want to re-install the original front sight. Use Loc-Tight 271 to permanently secure the sight.

If you do not have a dovetail feature on your pistol now and do not have a gunsmith capable of installing your sights, we will cut the dovetail and install the front sight for \$35.00 or install both front and rear for \$50.00 (plus return ship) with a turn around of one to two weeks. This assumes that your gun already has a properly installed Bomar rear sight now. If you do not have a Bomar rear sight and your slide still has the original dovetail cut for a rear sight, you should order our "standard 1911" sight set. Just ship the slide only by UPS to our street shipping address:

JP Enterprises, Inc.
P.O. Box 378,
Hugo, MN 55038

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Here's a few tips on using these sights. If you have been accustomed to shooting with only your dominant eye open, you'll find that these probably will work better using both eyes. The front sight is so visible, you don't have to force yourself to concentrate on it with such intensity, hence the "one eyed" shooting. In particular on a fifty yard target in a situation with poor lighting you may loose the target if you shoot with one eye. For example, if you have a brown target against a brown berm at dusk or early morning in the shade, barely visible, the front sight will over power the target if you shoot with one eye. With both eyes, the front sight works like that British occluded eye sight in which the weak eye sees the target, the strong eye sees the sight and the brain superimposes the two. Another technique that I find works the best for me is to come down 10 clicks on my Bomar and put the head of the target right in the center of the front sight. This gives me an easy to find precision sight picture in almost any lighting and lands all my hits in the "A" zone if I don't jerk the trigger. And you know how that is.

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Let us know if you have any suggestions. As always, we are constantly trying to improve everything that we do and your input is invaluable to us.

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